117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	S.	
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To prohibit the use of corporal punishment in schools, and for other purposes.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Murphy (for himself, Mr. Van Hollen, and Mr. Brown) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

# A BILL

To prohibit the use of corporal punishment in schools, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Protecting our Students in Schools Act of 2021".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act are as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Purposes.
  - Sec. 3. Definitions.

## TITLE I—PROHIBITION OF CORPORAL PUNISHMENT

Sec. 101. Prohibition of corporal punishment.

- Sec. 102. Civil actions by the Attorney General.
- Sec. 103. Enforcement by the Office for Civil Rights.
- Sec. 104. Parent notification and protection and advocacy systems.

#### TITLE II—STATE ACTIVITIES AND GRANT PROGRAM

- Sec. 201. State plan and enforcement.
- Sec. 202. Grant authority.

#### TITLE III—ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

- Sec. 301. Federal regulations.
- Sec. 302. Other schools.
- Sec. 303. Limitation of authority.
- Sec. 304. Applicability to private schools and home schools.
- Sec. 305. Severability.
- Sec. 306. Authorization of appropriations.

### 1 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

- 2 The purposes of this Act are to—
- 3 (1) eliminate the use of corporal punishment in
- 4 schools;
- 5 (2) ensure, regardless of sexual orientation,
- 6 gender identity or expression, sex, race, color, na-
- 7 tional origin, disability, or religion, the health and
- 8 safety of all students and program personnel in
- 9 schools and promote a positive school climate and
- 10 culture;
- 11 (3) assist States, local educational agencies,
- and schools in improving school climate and culture
- by implementing positive behavioral interventions
- and supports, and other models (including models
- such as restorative justice interventions, trauma-in-
- formed care, multi-tiered system of supports, crisis
- and de-escalation interventions, implicit bias train-
- ing, and culturally responsive teaching), to address

1	student behavior and work to eliminate the use of
2	exclusionary and aversive discipline practices or
3	interventions;
4	(4) ensure all program personnel have the sup-
5	ports and training necessary to implement positive
6	behavioral interventions and supports and other
7	models to address student behavior and improve
8	school climate and culture; and
9	(5) collect and analyze data on exclusionary and
10	aversive discipline practices or interventions in
11	schools.
12	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this Act:
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	In this Act:  (1) CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.—The term "cor-
14	(1) Corporal punishment.—The term "cor-
14 15	(1) Corporal punishment.—The term "corporal punishment" means, with respect to a student,
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	(1) Corporal punishment.—The term "corporal punishment" means, with respect to a student, a deliberate act which causes the student to feel
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(1) Corporal punishment.—The term "corporal punishment" means, with respect to a student, a deliberate act which causes the student to feel physical pain for the purpose of discipline, including
14 15 16 17 18	(1) Corporal punishment.—The term "corporal punishment" means, with respect to a student, a deliberate act which causes the student to feel physical pain for the purpose of discipline, including an act of physical force, such as striking, spanking,
14 15 16 17 18 19	(1) Corporal punishment.—The term "corporal punishment" means, with respect to a student, a deliberate act which causes the student to feel physical pain for the purpose of discipline, including an act of physical force, such as striking, spanking, or paddling, inflicted on a student's body, requiring
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) Corporal punishment" means, with respect to a student, a deliberate act which causes the student to feel physical pain for the purpose of discipline, including an act of physical force, such as striking, spanking, or paddling, inflicted on a student's body, requiring a student to assume a painful physical position, or
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) Corporal punishment" means, with respect to a student, a deliberate act which causes the student to feel physical pain for the purpose of discipline, including an act of physical force, such as striking, spanking, or paddling, inflicted on a student's body, requiring a student to assume a painful physical position, or the use of chemical sprays, electroshock weapons, or
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) Corporal punishment" means, with respect to a student, a deliberate act which causes the student to feel physical pain for the purpose of discipline, including an act of physical force, such as striking, spanking, or paddling, inflicted on a student's body, requiring a student to assume a painful physical position, or the use of chemical sprays, electroshock weapons, or stun guns on a student's body.

1	"Secretary", "State", and "State educational agen-
2	cy" have the meanings given the terms in section
3	8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education
4	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
5	(3) Exclusionary discipline.—The term
6	"exclusionary discipline" means any type of discipli-
7	nary action that removes or excludes a student from
8	the student's usual educational setting, or from ac-
9	cess to education services, including such discipli-
10	nary actions as in-school suspensions, out-of-school
11	suspensions, expulsions, or any other removal, how-
12	ever labeled, that results in lost instructional time
13	for the student.
14	(4) Model.—The term "model" means an ac-
15	tivity, strategy, framework, or intervention that is
16	evidence-based, to the extent practicable.
17	(5) Positive Behavioral interventions
18	AND SUPPORTS.—The term "positive behavioral
19	interventions and supports"—
20	(A) means a schoolwide, systematic ap-
21	proach that embeds evidence-based practices
22	and data-driven decision making to improve
23	school climate and culture in order to achieve
24	improved academic and social outcomes and in-
25	crease learning for all students (including stu-

1	dents with the most complex and intensive be-
2	havioral needs); and
3	(B) encompasses a range of systemic and
4	individualized positive strategies to teach and
5	reinforce school-expected behaviors, while dis-
6	couraging and diminishing undesirable behav-
7	iors.
8	(6) Program.—The term "program" means—
9	(A) all of the operations of a local edu-
10	cational agency, system of vocational education,
11	or other school system;
12	(B) a program that serves children who re-
13	ceive services for which financial assistance is
14	provided in accordance with the Head Start Act
15	(42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.); or
16	(C) an elementary school or secondary
17	school that is not a public school that enrolls a
18	student who receives special education and re-
19	lated services under the Individuals with Dis-
20	abilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et
21	seq.).
22	(7) Program Personnel.—
23	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
24	graph (B), the term "program personnel"
25	means any agent of a program, including an in-

1	dividual who is employed by a program, or who
2	performs services for a program on a contrac-
3	tual basis, including—
4	(i) school leaders;
5	(ii) teachers;
6	(iii) specialized instructional support
7	personnel;
8	(iv) paraprofessionals; or
9	(v) other staff.
10	(B) Exclusion.—Notwithstanding sub-
11	paragraph (A), program personnel shall not in-
12	clude a law enforcement officer or a school se-
13	curity guard.
14	(8) Protection and advocacy system.—The
15	term "protection and advocacy system" means a
16	protection and advocacy system established under
17	section 143 of the Developmental Disabilities Assist-
18	ance and Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.
19	15043).
20	(9) Law enforcement officer.—The term
21	"law enforcement officer"—
22	(A) means any person who—
23	(i) is a State, Tribal, or local law en-
24	forcement officer (as defined in section
25	1204 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Con-

1	trol and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34
2	U.S.C. 10284)); and
3	(ii) is assigned by the employing law
4	enforcement agency to a program, who is
5	contracting with a program, or who is em-
6	ployed by a program; and
7	(B) includes an individual referred to as a
8	"school resource officer" if that individual
9	meets the definition in subparagraph (A).
10	(10) SCHOOL SECURITY GUARD.—The term
11	"school security guard" means an individual who is
12	not a sworn law enforcement officer and who is re-
13	sponsible for addressing one or more of the following
14	safety and crime prevention activities in and around
15	a program:
16	(A) Assisting program personnel in safety
17	incidents.
18	(B) Educating students in crime and ille-
19	gal drug use prevention and safety.
20	(C) Developing or expanding community
21	justice initiatives for students.
22	(D) Training students in conflict resolution
23	and supporting restorative justice programs.

1	(E) Serving as a liaison between the pro-
2	gram and outside agencies, including other law
3	enforcement agencies.
4	(F) Screening students or visitors to the
5	program for prohibited items.
6	(11) STUDENT.—The term "student" means an
7	individual enrolled in a program.
8	TITLE I—PROHIBITION OF
9	CORPORAL PUNISHMENT
10	SEC. 101. PROHIBITION OF CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.
11	(a) Prohibition.—No student shall be subjected to
12	corporal punishment by program personnel, a law enforce-
13	ment officer, or a school security guard under any pro-
14	gram which receives Federal financial assistance.
15	(b) PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—A student who has
16	been subjected to corporal punishment by program per-
17	sonnel, a law enforcement officer, or a school security
18	guard in violation of subsection (a), or the parent of such
19	student, may file a civil action in any Federal or State
20	court of competent jurisdiction against the program under
21	which the violation is alleged to have occurred for attor-
22	neys' fees, expert fees, injunctive relief, and compensatory
23	damages.

# 1 SEC. 102. CIVIL ACTIONS BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

2 Whenever the Attorney General receives a complaint 3 in writing signed by a parent (including a legal guardian) or a group of parents (including legal guardians) to the 4 5 effect that the minor children of such a parent or parents are being deprived by a program of the right under this 6 7 Act to not be subject to corporal punishment by program 8 personnel, law enforcement officers, or school security 9 guards and the Attorney General believes the complaint is meritorious, the Attorney General is authorized, after 10 11 giving notice of such complaint to the appropriate program and after certifying that the Attorney General is sat-13 is field that such program has had a reasonable time to adjust the conditions alleged in such complaint, to institute for or in the name of the United States a civil action in 15 any appropriate district court of the United States against such parties and for such relief as may be appropriate, 17 18 and such court shall have and shall exercise jurisdiction 19 of proceedings instituted pursuant to this section. The At-20 torney General may implead as defendants such additional parties as are or become necessary to the grant of effective relief hereunder. 22 23 SEC. 103. ENFORCEMENT BY THE OFFICE FOR CIVIL 24 RIGHTS.

25 (a) Referral to Office for Civil Rights.—The

26 Secretary shall refer any complaint alleging a violation of

- 1 section 101(a) to the Office for Civil Rights of the Depart-
- 2 ment of Education for an investigation.
- 3 (b) Process for Referral.—Not later than 90
- 4 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
- 5 retary shall develop and implement a procedure for receiv-
- 6 ing a complaint alleging a violation of section 101(a).
- 7 (c) Failure To Comply.—In the event that a pro-
- 8 gram has failed to comply with section 101(a), the Sec-
- 9 retary shall carry out at least one of the following:
- 10 (1) Withhold from such program, in whole or in
- part, further payments (including payments for ad-
- ministrative costs) under an applicable program (as
- such term is defined in section 400(c) of the General
- Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1221(c))) in
- accordance with section 455 of such Act (20 U.S.C.
- 16 1234d).
- 17 (2) Enter into a compliance agreement in ac-
- cordance with section 457 of the General Education
- 19 Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1234f).
- 20 (3) Issue a complaint to compel compliance of
- such program through a cease and desist order, in
- the same manner the Secretary is authorized to take
- such action under section 456 of the General Edu-
- 24 cation Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1234c).

1	(d) Cessation of Withholding of Funds.—If
2	the Secretary determines (whether by certification or other
3	appropriate evidence) that a program that is subject to
4	the withholding of payments under subsection $(c)(1)$ of
5	this section has cured the failure providing the basis for
6	the withholding of payments on a date that is within one
7	year from the date on which such payments were first
8	withheld, the Secretary shall—
9	(1) cease the withholding of payments with re-
10	spect to that program under such subsection; and
11	(2) reimburse all the withheld payments under
12	such subsection to such program.
13	(e) WITHHELD FUNDS.—The funds appropriated or
14	made available for the payments that were withheld under
15	subsection (c)(1) shall be available for expenditure to that
16	program pursuant to this subsection for up to one year
17	from the date upon which the determination in subsection
18	(d) was made.
19	(f) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
20	tion shall be construed to limit the Secretary's authority
21	under the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C.
22	1221 et seq.).

1	SEC. 104. PARENT NOTIFICATION AND PROTECTION AND
2	ADVOCACY SYSTEMS.
3	(a) Notification.—If a student is subject to cor-
4	poral punishment committed by program personnel, a law
5	enforcement officer, or a school security guard at a pro-
6	gram, the program serving such student shall notify, in
7	writing, not later than 24 hours after such use of force
8	occurs, the facts of such use of force to—
9	(1) the parent or parents of such student;
10	(2) the State educational agency; and
11	(3) the local law enforcement agency.
12	(b) Notification for Students With Disabil-
13	ITIES.—In the case of a student described in subsection
14	(a) who is an individual with a disability (as defined in
15	section 3 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
16	(42 U.S.C. 12102)) the program serving such student
17	shall—
18	(1) in addition to the notification described in
19	such subsection, notify, in writing, not later than 24
20	hours after the use of force described in such sub-
21	section occurs, the facts of such use of force to the
22	relevant protection and advocacy system; and
23	(2) provide any information to the relevant pro-
24	tection and advocacy system that the protection and
25	advocacy system may require.

1	(c) RESTATEMENT OF AUTHORITY.—Protection and
2	advocacy systems shall have the same authorities and
3	rights provided under subtitle C of title I of the Develop-
4	mental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act of
5	2000 (42 U.S.C. 15041 et seq.) with respect to protections
6	provided for students under this Act when such students
7	are otherwise eligible to be clients of the protection and
8	advocacy system, including investigating, monitoring, and
9	enforcing such protections.
10	TITLE II—STATE ACTIVITIES
11	AND GRANT PROGRAM
12	SEC. 201. STATE PLAN AND ENFORCEMENT.
13	(a) State Requirements.—In accordance with the
14	schedule specified in subsection (c), each State educational
15	agency that receives Federal financial assistance shall pro-
16	vide to the Secretary—
17	(1) in the case of a State that did not prohibit
18	corporal punishment in schools before the date of
19	enactment of this Act, a written assurance that—
20	(A) all programs located in such State
21	have been notified of the requirements of this
22	Act;
23	(B) all program personnel of such State
24	educational agency have received training with
25	

1	(C) parents of students served by such
2	State educational agency have been notified of
3	the requirements, rights, and remedies available
4	under this Act; and
5	(D) the notification required under sub-
6	paragraph (C) is publicly available on the
7	website of the State educational agency;
8	(2) in the case of a State that prohibited cor-
9	poral punishment in schools before the date of enact-
10	ment of this Act, a written assurance that all pro-
11	grams located in such State have been notified of
12	the requirements of this Act; and
13	(3) a school climate report that includes a de-
14	scription of—
15	(A) the policies and procedures of the
16	State educational agency with respect to exclu-
17	sionary and aversive discipline practices or
18	interventions in such schools;
19	(B) how the State educational agency
20	plans to implement, is implementing, or has im-
21	plemented positive behavioral interventions and
22	supports and other models to address student
23	behavior and reduce the use of exclusionary and
24	aversive discipline practices or interventions in
25	the public elementary and secondary schools of

1	such State as required under section
2	1111(g)(1)(C) of the Elementary and Sec-
3	ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
4	6311(g)(1)(C); and
5	(C) efforts of the State educational agency
6	to ensure program personnel receive the sup-
7	ports and training necessary to implement the
8	interventions, supports, and other models de-
9	scribed in subparagraph (B).
10	(b) Local Educational Agency Require-
11	MENTS.—In accordance with the schedule specified in sub-
12	section (c), each local educational agency shall submit to
13	the State educational agency a report that includes the
14	information the State educational agency determines nec-
15	essary to comply with the requirements of subsection (a).
16	(c) Submission Schedule.—States and local edu-
17	cational agencies shall make the submissions required
18	under subsections (a) and (b) as follows:
19	(1) The initial submissions shall be made not
20	later than one year after the date of enactment of
21	this Act and on an annual basis during each of the
22	3 years following the year of the first submission.
23	(2) After the expiration of the 3-year period de-
24	scribed in paragraph (1), subsequent submissions

1	shall be made not less frequently than once every
2	two years.
3	(d) Report.—For each year in which the Secretary
4	receives submissions from States in accordance with the
5	schedule specified in subsection (c), the Secretary shall—
6	(1) submit to the Committee on Education and
7	Labor of the House of Representatives and the Com-
8	mittee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions
9	of the Senate a report summarizing the findings of
10	the school climate reports received from States for
11	such year; and
12	(2) make the school climate reports publicly
13	available.
14	(e) Enforcement.—
15	(1) In General.—
16	(A) Use of remedies.—If a State edu-
17	cational agency fails to comply with subsection
18	(a), the Secretary shall carry out at least one
19	of the following:
20	(i) Withhold, in whole or in part, fur-
21	ther payments under an applicable pro-
22	gram (as such term is defined in section
23	400(c) of the General Education Provi-
24	sions Act (20 U.S.C. 1221(c))) in accord-

1	ance with section 455 of such Act (20
2	U.S.C. 1234d).
3	(ii) Enter into a compliance agree-
4	ment in accordance with section 457 of the
5	General Education Provisions Act (20
6	U.S.C. 1234f).
7	(iii) Issue a complaint to compel com-
8	pliance of the State educational agency
9	through a cease and desist order, in the
10	same manner the Secretary is authorized
11	to take such action under section 456 of
12	the General Education Provisions Act (20
13	U.S.C. 1234e).
14	(B) Cessation of Withholding of
15	FUNDS.—If the Secretary determines (whether
16	by certification or other appropriate evidence)
17	that a State educational agency that is subject
18	to the withholding of payments under subpara-
19	graph (A)(i) has cured the failure providing the
20	basis for the withholding of payments within
21	one year from the date on which such payments
22	were first withheld, the Secretary shall—
23	(i) cease the withholding of payments
24	with respect to the State educational agen-
25	cy under such subparagraph; and

1	(ii) reimburse all the withheld pay-
2	ments under such subparagraph to such
3	State educational agency.
4	(2) WITHHELD FUNDS.—The funds appro-
5	priated or made available for the payments that
6	were withheld under paragraph $(1)(A)(i)$ shall be
7	available for expenditure to that program pursuant
8	to this paragraph for up to one year from the date
9	upon which the determination in paragraph (1)(B)
10	was made.
11	(3) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this
12	subsection shall be construed to limit the Secretary's
13	authority under the General Education Provisions
14	Act (20 U.S.C. 1221 et seq.).
15	SEC. 202. GRANT AUTHORITY.
16	(a) In General.—From the amount appropriated
17	under section 306, the Secretary may award grants to
18	State educational agencies to improve school climate and
19	culture by implementing positive behavioral interventions
20	and supports and other models to address student behav-
21	ior and reduce the use of exclusionary and aversive dis-
22	cipline practices or interventions in public elementary
23	schools and secondary schools.
24	(b) Duration of Grant.—

1	(1) In General.—A grant under this section
2	shall be awarded to a State educational agency for
3	a three-year period.
4	(2) REAPPLICATION.—At the end of a grant pe-
5	riod described in paragraph (1), a State educational
6	agency desiring a subsequent grant under this sec-
7	tion may be eligible for such grant if such State edu-
8	cational agency—
9	(A) submits an application under sub-
10	section (e); and
11	(B) demonstrates—
12	(i) that such State educational agency
13	effectively used grant funds to carry out
14	the required activities under subsection (e)
15	during the previous grant period; and
16	(ii) with respect to such State edu-
17	cational agency, a decrease in at least one
18	of the following:
19	(I) Exclusionary and aversive dis-
20	cipline practices or interventions, in-
21	cluding in-school suspensions, out-of-
22	school suspensions, and expulsions.
23	(II) School-related arrests.
24	(III) Referrals of students to law
25	enforcement.

1	(3) Data.—A State educational agency shall,
2	with respect to the data used under paragraph
3	(2)(B)(ii)—
4	(A) cross-tabulate such data and
5	disaggregate by race, gender, disability, and
6	English learner status; and
7	(B) redact all personally identifiable infor-
8	mation from such data.
9	(c) APPLICATION.—
10	(1) In General.—Each State educational
11	agency desiring a grant under this section shall sub-
12	mit an application to the Secretary at such time, in
13	such manner, and accompanied by such information
14	as the Secretary may require, including—
15	(A) information on how the State edu-
16	cational agency will carry out the required ac-
17	tivities specified in subsection (e);
18	(B) a description of how the State edu-
19	cational agency will improve school climate and
20	culture by reducing the use of exclusionary and
21	aversive discipline practices or interventions;
22	(C) a description of how the State edu-
23	cational agency will implement positive behav-
24	ioral interventions and supports, and other
25	models (including models such as restorative

1	justice interventions, trauma-informed care,
2	multi-tiered systems of support, crisis and de-
3	escalation interventions, implicit bias training,
4	and culturally responsive teaching), to address
5	student behavior and work to eliminate the use
6	of exclusionary and aversive discipline practices
7	or interventions; and
8	(D) a description of how the State edu-
9	cational agency will develop and implement
10	high-quality training for program personnel de-
11	signed to improve school climate and culture
12	and increase the use of positive behavioral
13	interventions and supports and other models to
14	address student behavior and reduce the use of
15	exclusionary and aversive discipline practices or
16	interventions.
17	(2) Priority.—In awarding grants under this
18	section, the Secretary shall give priority to State
19	educational agencies—
20	(A) with a high percentage of in-school
21	suspensions, out-of-school suspensions, expul-
22	sions, school-related arrests, and referrals of
23	students to law enforcement;

1	(B) that lack positive behavioral interven
2	tions and supports and other models to improve
3	school climate and culture; or
4	(C) that are in most need of assistance re
5	lating to improving school climate and culture
6	by reducing the use of exclusionary and aversive
7	discipline practices or interventions, as deter
8	mined by the Secretary.
9	(d) AUTHORITY TO MAKE SUBGRANTS.—
10	(1) In general.—A State educational agency
11	receiving a grant under this section may use such
12	grant funds to award subgrants, on a competitive
13	basis in accordance with subsection (e)(2), to loca
14	educational agencies.
15	(2) APPLICATION.—A local educational agency
16	desiring to receive a subgrant under this section
17	shall submit an application to the applicable State
18	educational agency at such time, in such manner
19	and containing such information as the State edu
20	cational agency may require, including the informa
21	tion described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of
22	subsection $(c)(1)$ with respect to the local edu-
23	cational agency.
24	(e) Required Activities.—

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	23
1	(1) In General.—A State educational agency
2	receiving a grant, or a local educational agency re-
3	ceiving a subgrant, under this section shall use such
4	grant or subgrant funds to carry out the following:
5	(A) Developing and implementing high-
6	quality training for program personnel designed
7	to—
8	(i) improve school climate and culture;
9	(ii) increase use of positive behavioral
10	interventions and supports and other mod-
11	els to address student behavior; and
12	(iii) reduce the use of exclusionary
13	and aversive discipline practices or inter-
14	ventions and the discriminatory and dis-
15	proportionate impact such practices have
16	on students based on their race, ethnicity,
17	gender, or disability.
18	(B) Providing technical assistance to im-
19	prove school climate and culture by imple-
20	menting positive behavioral interventions and
21	supports, and other models (including models
22	such as restorative justice interventions, trau-
23	ma-informed care, multi-tiered systems of sup-
24	port, crisis and de-escalation interventions, im-
25	plicit bias training, and culturally responsive

1	teaching), to address student behavior and work
2	to eliminate the use of exclusionary and aver-
3	sive discipline practices or interventions.
4	(C) Researching, developing, implementing,
5	and evaluating models, policies, and procedures
6	to reduce the use of exclusionary and aversive
7	discipline practices or interventions in public el-
8	ementary schools and secondary schools.
9	(2) Priority.—A State educational agency or
10	local educational agency shall prioritize carrying out
11	the activities specified in subparagraphs (A) through
12	(C) of paragraph (1) in public elementary schools
13	and secondary schools—
14	(A) in which a disproportionately high per-
15	centage of students who have been subjected to
16	disciplinary proceedings or have otherwise expe-
17	rienced the application of such a school's dis-
18	cipline policies, practices, and procedures, rel-
19	ative to such school's total student population,
20	are students of color or students with disabil-
21	ities (as defined in section 602 of the Individ-
22	uals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C.
23	1401));
24	(B) with a high percentage of in-school
25	suspensions, out-of-school suspensions, expul-

1	sions, school-related arrests, and referrals of
2	students to law enforcement;
3	(C) that lack positive behavioral interven-
4	tions and supports and other models to improve
5	school climate and culture; or
6	(D) that have demonstrated meaningful
7	community engagement in selecting models to
8	improve school climate and culture.
9	(f) EVALUATION AND REPORT.—
10	(1) Local educational agency reports.—
11	Each local educational agency receiving a subgrant
12	under this section shall, at the end of the grant pe-
13	riod for such subgrant, prepare and submit to the
14	State educational agency a report that—
15	(A) evaluates the progress of the local edu-
16	cational agency toward carrying out the re-
17	quired activities under subsection (e); and
18	(B) includes any additional information the
19	State educational agency determines necessary
20	to complete the report required under para-
21	graph (2).
22	(2) State educational agency reports.—
23	Each State educational agency receiving a grant
24	under this section shall, at the end of the three-year

1	grant period for such grant, prepare and submit to
2	the Secretary a report that—
3	(A) evaluates the State's progress toward
4	carrying out the required activities under sub-
5	section (e);
6	(B) includes data on the impact of the
7	grant program on school climate and culture
8	during such grant period, including, with re-
9	spect to the State educational agency, data on
10	the prevalence of, and increase or decrease in—
11	(i) exclusionary and aversive discipline
12	practices or interventions, including in-
13	school suspensions, out-of-school suspen-
14	sions, and expulsions;
15	(ii) school-related arrests; and
16	(iii) student referrals to law enforce-
17	ment;
18	(C) includes the number of high-quality
19	school climate and culture trainings conducted
20	for program personnel during such grant pe-
21	riod;
22	(D) describes the models implemented to
23	improve school climate and culture during such
24	grant period;

1	(E) specifies the number of subgrants
2	made under subsection (d) and the local edu-
3	cational agencies that were awarded such sub-
4	grants; and
5	(F) includes such information as the Sec-
6	retary may require.
7	(3) Data.—A State educational agency shall
8	with respect to the data described in paragraph
9	(2)(B)—
10	(A) cross-tabulate and disaggregate the
11	data in the same manner as under subsection
12	(b)(3)(A); and
13	(B) redact all personally identifiable infor-
14	mation from such data.
15	(4) Publication.—Not later than one year
16	after receiving a report under paragraph (2), the
17	Secretary shall make the report publicly available or
18	the website of the Department of Education.
19	(g) Funds Available for the Department of
20	THE INTERIOR.—From the amount appropriated under
21	section 306, the Secretary shall allocate—
22	(1) 0.5 percent of such funds to the Secretary
23	of the Interior for activities under this section with
24	respect to schools operated or funded by the Depart-

1 ment of the Interior, under such terms and condi-2 tions as the Secretary may prescribe; and 3 (2) 0.5 percent of such funds for activities 4 under this section with respect to schools operated 5 in the outlying areas, under such terms and condi-6 tions as the Secretary may prescribe. TITLE III—ADDITIONAL 7 **PROVISIONS** 8 9 SEC. 301. FEDERAL REGULATIONS. 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the 11 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall issue 12 such regulations as are necessary to reasonably ensure 13 compliance with this Act. 14 (b) Negotiated Rulemaking Process.—In car-15 rying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall use a negotiated rulemaking process described in section 1601 and 16 17 section 1602 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6571; 6572) except subparagraph 18 19 (A) of subsection (b)(3) of such section 1601 shall apply by substituting "establish a negotiated rulemaking proc-20 21 ess;" for the text of such subparagraph. 22 SEC. 302. OTHER SCHOOLS. 23 (a) Department of Defense.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that schools operated or funded by the Department of Defense Education Activity or other-

- 1 wise operated or funded by the Department of Defense
- 2 for the education of military-connected dependents comply
- 3 with the regulations promulgated by the Secretary pursu-
- 4 ant to this Act.
- 5 (b) DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR.—The Secretary of
- 6 the Interior shall ensure that schools operated or funded
- 7 by the Department of the Interior comply with the regula-
- 8 tions promulgated by the Secretary pursuant to this Act.

## 9 SEC. 303. LIMITATION OF AUTHORITY.

- 10 (a) In General.—Nothing in this Act shall be con-
- 11 strued—
- 12 (1) to restrict or limit, or allow the Secretary
- to restrict or limit, any other rights or remedies oth-
- erwise available to students or parents under Fed-
- eral, State, or local law or regulation; or
- 16 (2) to restrict or limit Federal, State, or local
- laws, regulations, or polices that provide for more
- stringent prohibitions or limitations on the use of
- corporal punishment than the prohibitions or limita-
- 20 tions that are provided for in this Act.
- 21 (b) Law Enforcement Officer Duties.—Noth-
- 22 ing in this Act shall be construed to prevent a sworn law
- 23 enforcement officer from carrying out the lawful duties of
- 24 the officer under otherwise applicable law.

1	(e) Rule of Construction on Enforcement.—
2	Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect the en-
3	forcement of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42
4	U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), title IX of the Education Amend-
5	ments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.), section 504 of
6	the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), or the
7	Department of Education Organization Act (20 U.S.C.
8	3401 et seq.) and their enforcing regulations.
9	SEC. 304. APPLICABILITY TO PRIVATE SCHOOLS AND HOME
10	SCHOOLS.
11	(a) Private Schools.—Nothing in this Act shall be
12	construed to affect any private school that does not re-
13	ceive, or does not serve students who receive, support in
14	any form from any program or activity supported, in whole
15	or in part, with Federal funds.
16	(b) Home Schools.—Nothing in this Act shall be
17	construed to—
18	(1) affect a home school, whether or not a home
19	school is treated as a private school or home school
20	under State law; or
21	(2) consider parents who are schooling a child
22	at home as program personnel.
23	SEC. 305. SEVERABILITY.
24	If any provision of this Act or the application of such
25	provision to any person or circumstance is held to be un-

- 1 constitutional, the remaining provisions of this Act and
- 2 the application of such provisions to any person or cir-
- 3 cumstance shall not be affected thereby.
- 4 SEC. 306. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 5 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 6 as may be necessary to carry out this Act for fiscal year
- 7 2021 and each fiscal year thereafter.